Template FPHS BOH Resolution

WHEREAS, the public health system in Washington provides the foundation for the larger health care framework, working to prevent illness and disease while supporting the work of community partners; and

WHEREAS, tracking, responding to, and preventing costly food and water contamination and disease outbreaks is essential to protecting the public's health; and

WHEREAS, state and local public health officials, together with local leaders, have identified an agreed upon set of core public health services that should be available for every Washingtonian; and

WHEREAS, after a century of increasing life expectancies, today these gains are threatened by new and more complex diseases, continued tobacco use and preventable chronic diseases, putting today's children at risk of becoming the first generation to have shorter life expectancies than their parents; and

WHEREAS, the public's well-being is also threatened by public health's inability to meet is basic responsibility to provide these core services due to changes in its funding structure, complex and new diseases, and growing populations; and

WHEREAS, the motor vehicle excise tax was repealed in 2000, leaving the public health system without an adequate and sustainable funding source; and

WHEREAS, Washington state's population has grown by more than one million residents since 2000, and is expected to grow by another two million residents by 2025; and

WHEREAS, Washington state spends less on public health protection (\$38.08 per person) than other states like Idaho (\$54.35 per person) and Wyoming (\$89.75 per person); and

WHEREAS, <insert your own example> it now takes Snohomish Health District staff 40 percent longer to investigate—and stop—outbreaks of foodborne illness like E. *coli* due to growing complexity of the diseases and cuts to the program; and

WHEREAS, <insert your own example> Snohomish County has been experiencing rising numbers of heroin and opioid addiction, youth suicides and sexually transmitted infections—in many cases, higher than the state average—but lacks resources to make needed short- and long-term improvements; and

WHEREAS, over the last four years, state, local, and Tribal public health leaders have developed a plan to modernize the state's public health system, ensuring core services are available everywhere and designating others that can be effectively and efficiently shared between health jurisdictions; and

WHEREAS, without securing ongoing, stable, and dedicated funding for core public health services, our communities are left unprepared for emergencies like hazardous air from wildfires, and vulnerable to the spread of communicable diseases like mumps and whooping cough; and

WHEREAS, rebuilding and refocusing our public health services means we can better monitor and coordinate emergency responses—keeping our families and communities safe, reducing costs for taxpayers, and protecting our local economy; and.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, the [COUNTY or HEALTH DISTRICT'S] Board of Health calls on the Washington state legislature to recognize that public health is essential and provide the critical down payment to support core services in all communities and allow public health to rebuild its statewide system with added efficiency.