



Clark County Sheriff's Office

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Chuck E. Atkins, Sheriff

September 7, 2018

Corrections Facility Advisory Commission (CFAC)

Good day CFAC Membership;

The following is our first installment of updated information you requested earlier this summer. Those items with red check marks (✓) are provided in this packet. Additional data is being extracted next week and will be sent as available.

- A. ✓ Average Daily Population (between the Main Jail and JWC)
- B. ✓ Released Inmate Average Length of Stay
- C. ✓ In-Custody Duration of Stay (ALOS) by population group
- D. ✓ August Snapshot of Felony Population Most Serious Crime of Individual Offender
- E. ✓ August Snapshot of Felony Population by Felony Classification (A, B, C)
- F. August Snapshot of Misdemeanor Population (Gross Misdemeanor and Misdemeanor)
- G. ✓ August In-Custody Snapshot of Pretrial and Sentenced Population
- H. ✓ Demographics of Population (Age and Race: for 18 Months)
- I. ✓ Homeless Population
- J. ✓ Mentally Ill Population (obtained by number of offenders on Psychotropic Medication)
- K. ✓ Classification of Offenders (Maximum, Medium and Minimum for 18 Months)
- L. ✓ Definitions of Felony Population
- M. ✓ Definitions of Gross Misdemeanor Population
- N. ✓ Definition of Diversion
- O. ✓ Definition of Alternatives to Incarceration
- P. ✓ Monthly Intakes
- Q. ✓ Monthly Releases
- R. ✓ Number of 14 Day Evaluations
- S. ✓ Monthly and Annual Medical Transports (Emergency and Routine)
- T. ✓ Court Transports
- U. ✓ Video Arraignments and Court Hearings per Transport
- V. Unmet Need of LE (citations in the field in lieu of booking)
- W. Number of Inmates Requiring Detoxification
- X. Number of Inmates Requiring Medical Services
- Y. Number of Inmates in Reentry Services
- Z. Waiting List for Reentry
- AA. August Snapshot of Misdemeanor Population Most Serious Crime of Individual Offender



The following items may or may not become available during the life of CFAC; however, it is our intention to include them in future jail annual reports.

- A. Number of Inmate Assaults
- B. Number of Inmate Disciplinary Reports (Major and Minor)
- C. Number of Inmate Visits
- D. Number of Inmate Mental Health Counselor Visits
- E. Number of Inmates with Co-Occurring
- F. Number of Inmate Chaplain Visits
- G. Number of Inmate Classification
- H. Number of Inmate Overrides
- I. Number of Inmate Special Needs (accommodations)
- J. Number of Inmate Grievances Per Level
- K. Number of Inmates Transferred to Washington Department of Corrections
- L. Reentry (barriers to successful Reentry)
 - a. Identification
 - b. Driver's License
 - c. Childcare
 - d. Basic Living Skills
 - e. Housing
 - f. Drug Addiction
 - g. Job Skills (Application)
 - h. Trade Skills (development and placement)
 - i. Education

All information submitted is from the current JMS records, changes may occur as quality control continues. Significant changes will be brought to the attention of the commission.

Respectfully,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Ric Bishop", with a date "3/1/09" written next to it.

Ric Bishop
Chief Corrections Deputy

ITEM A - Average Daily Population

	TOTAL JAIL POPULATION	MAIL JAIL POPULATION	JAIL WORK CENTER
January-17	739.42	637.68	81.68
February-17	718.71	626.32	87.82
March-17	702.90	592.42	86.52
April-17	729.70	609.83	84.23
May-17	735.03	648.16	86.87
June-17	751.03	665.60	85.43
July-17	726.74	646.80	79.94
August-17	709.23	627.50	81.73
September-17	690.97	601.90	81.03
October-17	687.06	597.58	88.35
November-17	691.83	612.86	78.97
December-17	649.16	589.45	59.71
January-18	664.29	608.65	55.61
February-18	664.89	589.35	75.54
March-18	643.29	575.84	67.45
April-18	657.43	590.93	66.50
May-18	642.32	584.38	57.94
June-18	679.63	617.56	62.07
July-18	637.61	583.64	53.97
August-18			
September-18			
October-18			
November-18			
December-18			
Average	690.59	610.87	74.81

Item B - Released Average Length of Stay

	TOTAL JAIL POPULATION	LOS/Days at Release
January-17	739.42	21.81
February-17	718.71	19.94
March-17	702.90	18.27
April-17	729.70	18.41
May-17	735.03	18.53
June-17	751.03	17.84
July-17	726.74	18.85
August-17	709.23	18.58
September-17	690.97	19.72
October-17	687.06	19.17
November-17	691.83	20.13
December-17	649.16	18.13
January-18	664.29	18.55
February-18	664.89	17.97
March-18	643.29	18.45
April-18	657.43	19.00
May-18	642.32	17.23
June-18	679.63	19.81
July-18	637.61	17.94
August-18		
September-18		
October-18		
November-18		
December-18		
Average	690.59	18.86

Data is tabulated on Release information

Snapshot of In-Custody Duration of Stay by Population
(ALOS)

ALOS = Days	Status	8/31/2018	9/1/2018	9/5/2018
PRE-TRIAL ALOS (Have future court dates)	Pre-Trial ALOS	76.75 (365)	76.74 (365)	76.86 (381)
	Male ALOS	83.56 (300)	84.55 (301)	85.92 (308)
	Female ALOS	45.32 (65)	40.05 (64)	38.62 (73)
PRE-TRIAL AND SENTENCED ALOS (Pre- Trial & Sentenced)	Mixed ALOS	90.52 (127)	89.98 (126)	91.77 (129)
	Male ALOS	91.68 (110)	93.05 (111)	94.61 (114)
	Female ALOS	83 (17)	67.33 (15)	70.2 (15)
SENTENCED ALOS (Have projected release date)	Sentenced ALOS	76.54 (133)	73.53 (140)	81.80 (118)
	Male ALOS	83.24 (106)	79.92 (111)	89.72 (95)
	Female ALOS	50.22 (27)	49.07 (29)	49.09 (23)
HOLD ALOS	Holds ALOS	84.5 (14)	36 (4)	12.8 (15)
	Male ALOS	114.3 (10)	63 (2)	13.57 (14)
	Female ALOS	10 (4)	9 (2)	2 (1)
TOTAL POPULATION ALOS	Total Male ALOS	85.78 (526)	85.29 (525)	86.56 (531)
	Total Female ALOS	50.19 (113)	45.58 (110)	44.67 (112)
	Total Pop ALOS	79.61 (639)	78.41 (635)	79.26 (643)
	ADP	639	635	643

**Numbers in parantheses () are total number of individuals for that population

Item D

Snapshot of In-Custody Population by Charge Level and Most Serious Crime of Individual Offender

Date	Mon 8/27/2018		Tue 8/28/2018		Wed 8/29/2018		Thu 8/30/2018		Fri 8/31/2018	
	Inmates (Highest Charge)	Charges	Inmates (Highest Charge)	Charges	Inmates (Highest Charge)	Charges	Inmates (Highest Charge)	Charges	Inmates (Highest Charge)	Charges
FA	122	257	123	258	121	255	119	252	120	254
FB	173	375	173	374	170	373	170	370	173	374
FC	218	637	217	639	218	633	217	639	216	645
GM	86	684	66	655	62	643	62	640	68	653
M	13	281	6	255	8	262	9	263	6	263
AD	54	217	48	211	53	214	55	219	51	214
FFJ / OCW	3	55	4	56	2	52	4	51	2	52
CP	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	2
MW	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SUBTOTAL*	669	2508	637	2450	634	2434	636	2436	636	2494
Average Daily Population	ADP: 671		ADP: 648		ADP: 638		ADP: 645		ADP: 639	

- FA Highest charge is a class A Felony.
- FB Highest charge is a class B Felony.
- FC Highest charge is a class C Felony.
- GM Highest charge is a Gross Misdemeanor.
- M Highest charge is a Misdemeanor.
- AD Administrative Hold only.
- FFJ / OCW Fugitive From Justice (Other state detainer) Other County Warrant (Other WA agency detainer)
- CP Civil Proceeding
- MW Material Witness
- *SUBTOTAL Subtotal of population and charges. May differ from ADP due to inmates being in transit, booking status, etc.
- ADP Average Daily Population of Main Jail and JWC combined.

Snapshot of
In-Custody Population by Felony Classification (A,B,C)

Count by Charge (FA)	8/27/2018	8/28/2018	8/29/2018	8/30/2018	8/31/2001
ARSON I	6	6	6	6	7
ASSAULT I	40	40	40	38	38
ATTEMPT MURDER I	1	1	1	1	1
BURGLARY I	25	26	26	26	26
CHILD MOLESTATION I	20	20	20	20	20
DEAL IN DEPICTIONS OF MINOR	4	4	4	4	4
IDENTITY THEFT	1	1	1	0	0
INDECENT LIBERTIES-USING FORCE	1	1	1	1	1
KIDNAPPING I	14	14	14	14	14
MURDER I	33	33	33	33	33
MURDER II	10	10	10	10	10
RAPE CHILD II ATTEMPTED	1	1	1	1	1
RAPE I	2	2	2	2	2
RAPE II	11	11	11	11	11
RAPE OF CHILD I	38	38	36	36	37
RAPE OF CHILD II	2	2	2	2	1
ROBBERY I	47	47	46	46	47
VEHICULAR HOMICIDE	1	1	1	1	1
Total number of Class A felony charges:	257	258	255	252	254

*Includes Information Only, added per Court

Snapshot of
In-Custody Population by Felony Classification (A,B,C)

Count by Charge (FB)	8/27/2018	8/28/2018	8/29/2018	8/30/2018	8/31/2018
ARSON II	2	2	2	2	2
ASSAULT II	96	96	93	94	94
ASSAULT OF A CHILD II	1	1	1	1	1
BAIL JUMPING - W/A CLASS A FELONY	1	1	1	1	1
BURGLARY II	28	29	28	28	29
BURGLARY - RESIDENTIAL	33	34	32	31	31
CHILD MOLESTATION II	2	2	2	2	2
COMMERCIAL SEX ABUSE OF A MINOR	1	1	1	1	1
CRIM. CONSP-CLASS A/NOT MURD.	1	1	1	1	1
DEL/PCS W/INT HER/COC/METH/OP	37	37	38	37	37
ESCAPE I	1	1	1	1	1
IDENTITY THEFT I	2	1	2	5	6
INCEST I	10	10	10	10	10
INTIMIDATING A JUDGE/PUBLIC	6	6	6	6	6
LEGEND DRUG-INT SELL/DEL-NO	2	2	2	2	2
MALICIOUS MISCHIEF I	3	3	3	3	3
POSS STOLEN FIREARM	8	8	8	8	8
POSSESS DEPICTIONS OF A MINOR I	2	2	2	2	2
POSSESSION OF A STOLEN VEHICLE	41	41	40	38	41
ROBBERY II	9	9	9	9	9
SEX OFFENDER/FELON-FAIL TO	4	4	4	4	4
SEXUAL EXPLOITATION OF A MINOR	5	5	5	5	5
TAKE MTR VEH W/O PERMISSION I	1	1	1	1	1
THEFT I	11	11	13	11	11
THEFT OF A FIREARM	14	14	14	14	14
THEFT OF A MOTOR VEHICLE	17	15	16	14	14
TRAFFIC IN STOLEN PROP KNOW	7	7	7	8	8
UNLAWFUL POSSESSION FIREARM I	21	21	21	21	21
VEHICULAR ASSAULT	4	4	4	4	4
VIOL SUPERIOR COURT SENTENCE	5	5	6	6	5
Total number of Class B felony	375	374	373	370	374

*Includes Information Only, added per Court

Item E (3 of 3)

Snapshot of
In-Custody Population by Felony Classification (A,B,C)

Count by Charge (FC)	8/27/2018	8/28/2018	8/29/2018	8/30/2018	08/31/218
ASSAULT III	60	57	57	56	54
ASSAULT IV TWO OR MORE PRIOR DV CONVICTIONS WITHIN TEN YEARS	1	1	1	1	1
ASSAULT OF A CHILD III	1	1	1	1	1
ATTEMPTING TO ELUDE POLICE	25	26	25	26	28
BAIL JUMPING - CHARGED W/ CLASS B OR C FEL	32	34	31	32	32
BOMB THREAT INCL COMMUNICATION	2	2	2	2	2
COUNTERFEIT SUB-SCHED I/II/III	1	1	1	1	1
CRIMINAL IMPERSONATION I	23	23	24	24	23
COMMUN. W/MINOR	1	1	1	1	1
CRIMINAL MISCHIEF-DEADLY WEAPON	3	4	4	3	2
CUSTODIAL ASSAULT	1	1	1	1	1
CYBERSTALKING	2	2	2	2	2
DISARM LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER	1	1	1	1	1
DUI (THREE OR MORE PRIOR OFFENSES WITHIN TEN YEARS)	6	6	6	6	6
DV COURT ORD. VIO. - TWO PREVIOUS.	39	36	39	39	38
ESCAPE II	3	3	3	3	3
ESCAPE-VIOL COMMUNITY CUST	31	29	30	30	31
FAILURE TO REGISTER AS A SEX OFFENDER, 1ST CONV OR 1 PRIOR	6	6	6	6	6
FORGERY	15	15	12	14	11
FRAUD-POSS OF PMT INSTRUMENTS	1	1	0	0	0
HARASSMENT - CLASS C FELONY	37	39	39	37	37
HIT AND RUN-INJURY	2	2	2	2	3
IDENTITY THEFT II	14	14	14	16	16
INCEST II	2	2	2	2	2
INDEC EXPOSURE PREV CONVICTION	4	4	4	4	4
INDECENT LIBERTIES	1	1	1	1	1
LEGEND DRUG W/O PRESC SELL/DELL	0	1	0	0	0
MAIL THEFT	1	1	0	0	0
MALICIOUS HARASSMENT	1	1	1	1	1
MALICIOUS MISCHIEF II	11	11	10	10	13
PCS HER/COC/METHAMPH/OPIUM	181	182	180	183	187
PCS POSSESSION BY PRISONERS	0	0	0	0	1
POSS MACH/SHRT BAR RIF/SHOT GN	0	0	0	0	1
POSSESS DEPICTIONS OF A MINOR II	4	4	4	4	4
POSSESSION OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES	1	1	1	1	1
POSSESSION OF STOLEN MAIL	1	1	1	1	1
PRISONER-WPN IN COUNTY/LOCAL INST	1	1	1	1	1
PSP II	10	10	10	10	9
RAPE III	2	2	2	2	2
RAPE OF CHILD III	3	3	3	3	3
RETAIL THEFT EXTENUATING CIRCUMSTANCES II	1	1	1	1	1
RETAIL THEFT EXTENUATING CIRCUMSTANCES III	1	1	1	1	1
SEX-KIDNAP OFFENDER-FAIL TO REGISTER	1	1	1	1	1
TAKE MOTOR VEHICLE W/O PERMISSION II	13	15	15	15	16
TAMPERING W/A WITNESS	3	3	4	4	3
TELEPHONE HARASSMENT	2	2	2	2	2
TRAFFIC IN STOLEN PROP	8	8	8	8	9
UNLAWFUL IMPRISONMENT	20	20	20	21	21
UNLAWFUL POSSESSION FIREARM II	34	34	33	34	36
UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF A PAYMENT INSTRUMENT	1	1	1	1	1
VIOL OF ALTERNATE PROGRAM	3	3	4	3	3
VIOLATING A SUSPENSION OF DEPARTMENT PRIVILEGES	0	0	1	1	0
VOYEURISM	19	19	19	19	19
VUCSA- POSSESS LSD/MJ GREATER THAN 40G/AMPH/MORPHINE	1	1	1	1	1
Total number of Class C felony charges:	637	639	633	639	645

*Includes Information Only, added per Court

Item G

Snapshot of In-Custody Pre-Trial and Sentenced Population

Status	8/30/2018	8/31/2018	9/1/2018	9/5/218	
Total Pre-Trial Population (Have future court dates)	Pre-Trial ADP #	362	365	365	381
	Pre-Trial ADP %	56.12%	57.12%	57.48%	59.25%
	Male #	296	300	301	308
	Male %	45.89%	46.95%	47.40%	47.90%
	Female #	66	65	64	73
	Female %	10.23%	10.17%	10.08%	11.35%
Total Mixed Population (Pre-Trial & Sentenced)	Mixed ADP #	126	127	126	129
	Mixed ADP %	19.53%	19.87%	19.84%	20.06%
	Male #	109	110	111	114
	Male %	16.90%	17.21%	17.48%	17.73%
	Female #	17	17	15	15
	Female %	2.64%	2.66%	2.36%	2.33%
Total Sentenced Population (Have projected release date)	Sentenced ADP #	134	133	140	118
	Sentenced ADP %	20.78%	20.81%	22.05%	18.35%
	Male #	108	106	111	95
	Male %	16.74%	16.59%	17.48%	14.77%
	Female #	26	27	29	23
	Female %	4.03%	4.23%	4.57%	3.58%
Total Hold Population	Holds ADP #	23	14	4	15
	Holds ADP %	3.57%	2.19%	0.63%	2.33%
	Male #	16	10	2	14
	Male %	2.48%	1.56%	0.31%	2.18%
	Female #	7	4	2	1
	Female %	1.09%	0.63%	0.31%	0.16%
Total Population	Total Male #	529	526	525	531
	Total Male %	82.02%	82.32%	82.68%	82.58%
	Total Female #	116	113	110	112
	Total Female %	17.98%	17.68%	17.32%	17.42%
	Total Other #	0	0	0	0
	Total Other %	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
	SUM	645	639	635	643
ADP	645	639	635	643	

Item H - Demographics of Population (Age Race)

ADP	1-May-17		1-Apr-17		1-May-17		1-Jul-17		1-Aug-17		1-Sep-17		1-Oct-17		1-Nov-17		1-Dec-17		1-Jan-18		1-Feb-18		1-Mar-18		1-Apr-18		1-May-18		1-Jun-18		1-Jul-18		1-Aug-18			
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F		
Caucasian >18	688	705	705	737	737	756	708	745	745	673	673	680	680	709	709	654	654	686	686	637	637	642	642	668	668	624	624	668	668	647	647	645				
18-29							158	172	172	148	148	149	149	174	174	172	172	169	169	163	163	165	165	163	163	158	158	169	169	162	162	157				
30-64							310	303	303	297	297	301	301	291	291	264	264	292	292	267	267	270	270	289	289	258	258	282	282	261	261	256				
65 +	493	91	479	92	494	121	507	127	507	51	51	5	5	6	6	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	1	1	3	3	2	2	5	5	4				
Black																																				
18-29							36	1	36	2	36	2	35	2	38	1	35	2	39	2	34	3	36	3	34	3	32	1	37	4	37	4	34	3		
30-64							24	6	39	9	36	5	37	5	29	8	36	4	34	4	31	4	32	4	33	2	41	2	34	4	43	5	41	2		
65 +	63	1	71	11	63	8	62	9	63	8	63	8	62	9	63	8	62	9	63	8	62	9	62	9	62	9	62	9	62	9	62	9	62	9	62	9
Pacific Islar >18																																				
18-29																																				
30-64																																				
65 +	1	0	3	0	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		
Native Amr >18																																				
18-29																																				
30-64																																				
65 +	2	1	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0		
Asian																																				
>18																																				
18-29																																				
30-64																																				
65 +	17	3	20	1	23	0	24	1	23	0	23	0	24	1	23	0	23	0	24	1	23	0	23	0	23	0	23	0	23	0	23	0	23	0		
Undeclared >18																																				
18-29																																				
30-64																																				
65 +	10	0	16	2	13	1	11	2	13	1	13	1	11	2	13	1	11	2	13	1	11	2	11	2	11	2	11	2	11	2	11	2	11	2		
Blank																																				
>18																																				
18-29																																				
30-64																																				
65 +	6	0	8	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0		

Item I - Homeless Population

Homeless Population ADP	1-May-17		1-Apr-17		1-May-17		1-Jun-17		1-Jul-17		1-Aug-17		1-Sep-17		1-Oct-17		1-Nov-17		1-Dec-17		1-Jan-18		1-Feb-18		1-Mar-18		1-Apr-18		1-May-18		1-Jun-18		1-Jul-18		1-Aug-18					
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F				
Caucasian >18	118	0	127	0	126	28	130	27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
18-29									41	14	39	14	33	4	33	4	38	10	37	6	41	3	36	6	37	6	37	6	37	5	29	11	37	8	31	9	36	11		
30-64									89	17	90	18	85	13	88	13	89	14	68	17	88	15	76	19	79	19	78	17	76	11	82	13	87	17	85	17				
65+									1	0	1	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	1	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black >18									0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18-29									9	1	9	1	8	0	7	0	9	0	6	1	10	1	9	0	9	0	10	0	6	0	8	1	7	1	11	1				
30-64									7	1	12	1	12	0	12	0	6	3	9	1	16	1	12	2	12	2	7	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	8	1	7	0		
65+									0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pacific Islander >18									0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18-29									0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
30-64									0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
65+									0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Native American >18									0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18-29									0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
30-64									1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
65+									0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Asian >18									0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18-29									1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
30-64									3	1	2	0	3	0	3	0	3	0	3	0	4	2	3	2	3	2	4	1	3	1	3	1	4	1	4	1	5	1		
65+									0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Undeclared >18									0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18-29									1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	1	1	2	0	1	2	2	0	2	0	2	0	2	1	1	0	1	0	2	0		
30-64									0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
65+									0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blank >18									0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18-29									0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
30-64									0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
65+									0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Item J - Mentally Ill Population (by number of medications)

Patients on Psychotropics*

	ADP	# of IM	%
Jun-16	710	307	43%
Jul-16	707	318	45%
Aug-16	711	325	46%
Sep-16	711	320	45%
Oct-16	718	318	44%
Nov-16	699	295	42%
Dec-16	683	318	47%
Jan-17	739	316	43%
Feb-17	719	345	48%
Mar-17	703	296	42%
Apr-17	730	284	39%
May-17	735	338	46%
Jun-17	751	360	48%
Jul-17	727	331	46%
Aug-17	709	324	46%
Sep-17	691	298	43%
Oct-17	687	279	41%
Nov-17	692	286	41%
Dec-17	649	253	39%
Jan-18	664	246	37%
Feb-18	665	254	38%
Mar-18	643	275	43%
Apr-18	657	251	38%
May-18	642	260	40%
Jun-18	680	296	44%
Jul-18	638	275	43%
Aug-18			
Sep-18			
Oct-18			

* These are persons who are on pharmaceuticals classed as psychotropics
Not all prescriptions are for mental health reasons (i.e. pain management, alcohol detox)

Felonies Defined in Title 9A RCW

Felonies defined by Title 9A RCW have an A, B or C class designation explicitly stated. These felonies carry the following maximum penalties (RCW 9A.20.021):

- Class A Life in prison, \$50,000 fine
- Class B Ten years in prison, \$20,000 fine
- Class C Five years in prison, \$10,000 fine

Felonies Defined Outside Title 9A

Some felonies are defined outside Title 9A RCW without an explicit felony class. The 1996 Legislature¹ enacted RCW 9.94A.035, establishing the classes of such offenses for SRA purposes. The class is based on the maximum period of incarceration provided for the first conviction of violating the statute creating the offense:

- Class A 20 years or more
- Class B Eight or more, less than 20 years
- Class C Less than eight years

Therefore, statutes increasing the maximum sentence for subsequent convictions do not affect the classification of the offense for SRA purposes, even though they increase the maximum sentence that may be imposed.

Felonies for which no maximum punishment is specifically prescribed are punished by confinement for not more than ten years and a fine not to exceed \$20,000 or both, and are classified as Class B felonies (See RCW 9.92.010, as amended in 1996).

RCW 9.92.020

Punishment of gross misdemeanor when not fixed by statute.

Every person convicted of a gross misdemeanor for which no punishment is prescribed in any statute in force at the time of conviction and sentence, shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for a maximum term fixed by the court of up to three hundred sixty-four days, or by a fine in an amount fixed by the court of not more than five thousand dollars, or by both such imprisonment and fine.

[2011 c 96 § 10; 1982 1st ex.s. c 47 § 6; 1909 c 249 § 15; RRS § 2267.]

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RCW 9.92.030

Punishment of misdemeanor when not fixed by statute.

Every person convicted of a misdemeanor for which no punishment is prescribed by any statute in force at the time of conviction and sentence, shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for a maximum term fixed by the court of not more than ninety days, or by a fine in an amount fixed by the court of not more than one thousand dollars or both such imprisonment and fine.

[1982 1st ex.s. c 47 § 7; 1909 c 249 § 14; Code 1881 § 785; RRS § 2266.]

NOTES:

Severability—1982 1st ex.s. c 47: See note following RCW 9.41.190.

RCW 9.94A.680

Alternatives to total confinement.

Alternatives to total confinement are available for offenders with sentences of one year or less. These alternatives include the following sentence conditions that the court may order as substitutes for total confinement:

(1) One day of partial confinement may be substituted for one day of total confinement;

(2) In addition, for offenders convicted of nonviolent offenses only, eight hours of community restitution may be substituted for one day of total confinement, with a maximum conversion limit of two hundred forty hours or thirty days. Community restitution hours must be completed within the period of community supervision or a time period specified by the court, which shall not exceed twenty-four months, pursuant to a schedule determined by the department; and

(3) For offenders convicted of nonviolent and nonsex offenses, the court may credit time served by the offender before the sentencing in an available county supervised community option and may authorize county jails to convert jail confinement to an available county supervised community option, may authorize the time spent in the community option to be reduced by earned release credit consistent with local correctional facility standards, and may require the offender to perform affirmative conduct pursuant to RCW 9.94A.607.

For sentences of nonviolent offenders for one year or less, the court shall consider and give priority to available alternatives to total confinement and shall state its reasons in writing on the judgment and sentence form if the alternatives are not used.

[2009 c 227 § 1; 2002 c 175 § 12; 1999 c 197 § 6. Prior: 1988 c 157 § 4; 1988 c 155 § 3; 1984 c 209 § 21; 1983 c 115 § 9. Formerly RCW 9.94A.380.]

ALTERNATIVES TO CONFINEMENT

Alternative Conversions

The sentencing grid ranges are expressed in terms of total confinement (RCW 9.94A.530). For certain offenders, a court may convert terms of total confinement to partial confinement or to community service. This provision allows courts to take advantage of available alternatives to confinement in cases where it is deemed appropriate. *If the court does not use an alternative conversion for a nonviolent offense with a sentence range of one year or less, the reason why must be stated on the Judgment and Sentence form (RCW 9.94A.680).*

The 1999 Legislature modified the requirements for offenders convicted of **non-violent or non-sex** offenses with a sentence of one year or less. Where a court finds that a chemical dependency contributed to the crime, the court may authorize the county jail to convert jail confinement to an available county-supervised community option. The court may require the offender to perform affirmative conditions, such as rehabilitative treatment, which are reasonably related to the circumstances of the crime and are reasonably necessary or beneficial to the offender and to the community.

For all offenders with sentences of one year or less, one day of total confinement may be converted to one day of partial confinement. Non-violent offenders with sentences of one year or less are also eligible for conversion of total confinement to community service (one day of confinement equals eight hours of service). This community service conversion, however, is limited to 30 days or 240 hours. If a community service conversion is ordered and the determinate sentence is greater than 30 days, the balance of the term is to be served in total or partial confinement.

Partial confinement sentences may allow the offender to serve the sentence in work release, home detention, work crew, or a combination of work crew and home detention. If the offender violates the rules of the work release facility, work crew, or home detention program, or fails to remain employed or enrolled in school, the facility director may transfer the offender to the county detention facility. The offender may then request an administrative hearing. Pending the hearing, or in the absence of a request for such a hearing, the offender shall serve the remainder of the term of confinement in total confinement (RCW 9.94A.731).

Work Crew

Work crew is a partial confinement option created by the 1991 Legislature. Offenders who qualify must have committed the offense on or after July 28, 1991. The offense may not be a sex offense. For offenses committed before July 25, 1993, the offender must be sentenced to a facility operated or utilized under contract by a county (*i.e.*, the sentence must be one year or less in length); this restriction does not apply to offenses committed after that date. If the sentence is 9 months or more, at least 30 days of total confinement must be served before the offender becomes eligible for work crew. Work crew may be simultaneously imposed with electronic home detention. Work crew hours served may include work on civic improvement tasks, substance abuse counseling, job skills training or a maximum of 24 hours per week at approved, verified work.

To be eligible to receive credit for approved, verified work, offenders must first successfully complete 4 weeks of work crew, each week comprised of 35 hours of service. Work crew projects specified by the work crew supervisor must be completed in coordination with approved, verified work. Unless exempted by the court, offenders using approved, verified employment as part of their work crew hours must pay a monthly supervision assessment. RCW 9.94A.725.

Home Detention

Home detention is a subset of electronic monitoring and means a program of partial confinement available to offenders wherein the offender is confined in a private residence twenty-four hours a day, unless an absence from the residence is approved, authorized, or otherwise permitted in the order by the court or other supervising agency that ordered home detention. The option was created by the 1988 Legislature and is available for offenders convicted of nonviolent or non-sex offenses committed on or after June 9, 1988. Because partial confinement programs are limited to sentences of one year or less, home detention is not an option for offenders with prison sentences.

Eligibility for home detention is generally conditioned upon (a) employment or school attendance, (b) program rules adherence, and (c) compliance with court-ordered legal financial obligations (RCW 9.94A.734(4)).

Convictions for any of the following offenses make the offender **ineligible** for home detention unless imposed as partial confinement in the parenting program under RCW 9.94A.6551:

- A violent offense;
- Any sex offense;
- A drug offense;
- Reckless Burning in the First or Second Degree;
- Assault in the Third Degree;
- Assault of a Child in the Third Degree; or

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Home detention may be imposed for offenders convicted of Possession of a Controlled Substance (RCW 69.50.4013) or of Forged Prescription for a Controlled Substance (RCW 69.50.403), providing the offender fulfills the participation conditions set forth in this section and is monitored for drug use.

Offenders convicted of Burglary in the Second Degree or Residential Burglary must meet the following eligibility conditions for home detention: (a) successful completion of a twenty-one day work release program; (b) no convictions for Burglary in the Second Degree or Residential Burglary during the preceding two years and not more than two prior convictions for Burglary or Residential Burglary; (c) no convictions for a violent felony offense during the preceding two years and not more than two prior convictions for a violent felony offense; (d) no prior charges of escape; and (e) fulfillment of the other conditions of the home detention program.

Offenders convicted of Theft of a Motor Vehicle Without Permission in the Second Degree, Theft of a Motor Vehicle, or Possession of a Stolen Motor Vehicle must meet the following eligibility conditions for home detention: (a) no convictions for any of these crimes during the preceding five years and not more than two prior convictions for any of these offenses; (b) no prior convictions of a violent felony offense during the preceding two years and not more than two prior convictions for a violent felony offense; (c) no prior charges of escape; and (d) fulfillment of the other conditions of the home detention program.

Home detention may also be ordered for an offender whose medical or health-related conditions, concerns, or treatment would be better addressed under the home detention program, or where the health and welfare of the offender, other inmates, or staff would be jeopardized by the offender's incarceration. Participation in the home detention program for medical or health-related reasons is conditioned on the offender abiding by the rules of the home detention program and complying with court-ordered legal financial obligations.

A sentencing court shall deny the imposition of home detention if the court finds that (1) the offender has previously and knowingly violated the terms of a home detention program and (2) the previous violation is not a technical, minor, or nonsubstantive violation.

A sentencing court may deny the imposition of home detention if the court finds that (1) the offender has previously and knowingly violated the terms of a home detention

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program and (2) the previous violation or violations were technical, minor, or nonsubstantive violation.

A home detention program must be administered by a monitoring agency that meets the conditions described in RCW 9.94A.736.

Restitution

Restitution is generally governed by RCW 9.94A.750 and 9.94A.753, but RCW 9.94A.505(8) requires a court to order restitution whenever a felony results in injury to a person or damage or property loss. If restitution is not ordered, the court must indicate the extraordinary reasons on the record.

Restitution may also be ordered to pay for an injury, loss, or damage if the offender pleads guilty to a lesser offense or fewer offenses and agrees with the prosecutor's recommendation that he or she pay restitution for any offenses not prosecuted pursuant to a plea agreement.

Restitution is based on three factors:

- Easily ascertainable damages for injury to or loss of property;
- Actual expenses incurred in treatment for injury to persons; and
- Lost wages resulting from injury.

Restitution for the crimes of Rape of a Child in the First, Second, or Third Degree, in which the victim becomes pregnant, must include:

- Victim's medical expenses associated with the rape and resulting pregnancy; and
- Support for any child born as a result of the rape, if child support is ordered.

Restitution shall *not* include reimbursement for damages for mental anguish, pain and suffering and other intangible losses, but may include reimbursement for counseling reasonably related to the offense. The amount of restitution may not exceed double the amount of the offender's gain or the victim's loss from the commission of the crime.

Restitution is to be determined at the sentencing hearing or within 180 days. As part of the sentence, the court must set the terms and conditions under which the defendant makes restitution. It is required that the court be specific about the payment schedule for restitution, so that these sentence conditions may be appropriately monitored by the community corrections officer. The court may not reduce the total amount of restitution ordered because of the offender's lack of ability to pay the total amount.

For offenses committed prior to July 1, 2000, an offender's compliance with the restitution requirement may be supervised for ten years after the date of sentence or release from confinement. The restitution portion of a sentence may be modified as to amount, terms, and conditions during this period regardless of the community supervision term and the statutory maximum of the crime. A court may extend the restitution requirement for a second ten-year period.

For offenses committed on or after July 1, 2000, RCW 9.94A.760(4) reads: "For an offense committed on or after July 1, 2000, the Court shall retain jurisdiction over the offender, for purposes of the offender's compliance with payment of the legal financial obligations, until the obligation is completely satisfied, regardless of the statutory

maximum for the crime. The department may only supervise the offender's compliance with payment of the legal financial obligations during any period in which the department is authorized to supervise the offender in the community under RCW 9.4A.728, 9.94A.501, or in which the offender is confined in a state correctional institution or a correctional facility pursuant to a transfer agreement with the department, and the department shall supervise the offender's compliance during any such period. The department is not responsible for supervision of the offender during any subsequent period of time the offender remains under the court's jurisdiction. The county clerk is authorized to collect unpaid legal financial obligations at any time the offender remains under the jurisdiction of the court for purposes of his or her legal financial obligations."

Restitution for victims is the first priority for payment by an offender.

Restitution in Cases Involving Fraud or Deceptive Practice

If an offender or organization is found guilty of an offense involving fraud or other deceptive practice, a court may require that notice be given to the class of persons or sector of the public affected by the conviction or financially interested in the subject matter of the offense. The notice may be accomplished by mail, by advertising through designated media, or by other appropriate means (RCW 9.94A.753(8), RCW 9.94A.750(7)).

Restitution in Cases Involving a Fraudulent Filing of a Vehicle Report of Sale

If a person has caused a victim to lose money or property through the filing of a vehicle report of sale in which the designated buyer had no knowledge of the vehicle transfer or the fraudulent filing of the report of sale, upon conviction or when the offender pleads guilty and agrees with the prosecutor's recommendation that the offender be required to pay restitution to a victim, the court may order the defendant to pay an amount, fixed by the court, not to exceed double the amount of the defendant's gain or victim's loss from the filing of the vehicle report of sale in which the designated buyer had no knowledge of the vehicle transfer or the fraudulent filing of the report of sale (RCW 9.94A.753(10)).

FINES

Unless otherwise provided by a statute of this state, on all adult sentences under this chapter the court may impose fines on offenders according to the following ranges (RCW 9.94A.550):

Class A felonies	\$0 - \$50,000
Class B felonies	\$0 - \$20,000
Class C felonies	\$0 - \$10,000

Unless the court finds the offender to be indigent, every person convicted of certain VUCSA violations (RCW 69.50.401 through 69.50.4013, 69.50.4015, 69.50.402, 69.50.403, 69.50.406, 69.50.407, 69.50.410, 69.50.415) shall be fined \$1,000 in addition to any other fine or penalty imposed. The fine increases to \$2,000 if the violation is a second or subsequent violation of one of the laws specified. RCW 69.50.430.

When a fine is imposed for Manufacture, Delivery or Possession with Intent to Manufacture or Deliver Methamphetamine, or for Possession of Ephedrine or Pseudo Ephedrine with Intent to Manufacture Methamphetamine, the first \$3,000 may not be suspended and must be provided to the law enforcement entity responsible for cleaning up the methamphetamine lab site. RCW 69.50.401.

Other Legal Financial Obligations

The Sentencing Reform Act allows a court to impose several additional monetary obligations. These include:

- Court costs. (RCW 9.94A.030(31));
- Defense attorney's fees and defense costs. (RCW 9.94A.030(31));
- Contributions to a county or local drug fund. (RCW 9.94A.030(31));
- Crime victims' compensation assessment. (RCW 9.94A.030(31) and (RCW 7.68.035));
- Recoupments to the victim for the cost of counseling as a result of the offender's crime, in cases where the Special Sex Offender Sentencing Alternative is exercised. (RCW 9.94A.670(6)(g));
- Payment for the cost of incarceration, at the rate of \$50 per day. (RCW 9.94A.760(2));
- Payment of up to \$2,500 in costs incurred by public agencies in an emergency response to the incident that resulted in conviction for Vehicular Assault or Vehicular Homicide While Under the Influence of Intoxicating Liquor or Any Drug. (RCW 9.94A.030(31) and (RCW 38.52.430)) and/or
- A fine of \$15, in addition to any penalty or fine imposed, for a violation of a domestic violence protection order issued under this chapter (RCW 26.50.110(1)(b)(ii)).

All other legal financial obligations for an offense committed prior to July 1, 2000, may be enforced at any time during the ten-year period following the offender's release from total confinement or within ten years of entry of the judgment and sentence, whichever period ends later. Prior to the expiration of the initial ten-year period, the superior court may extend the criminal judgment an additional ten years for payment of legal financial obligations including crime victims' assessments. All other legal financial obligations for an offense committed on or after July 1, 2000, may be enforced at any time the offender remains under the court's jurisdiction. For an offense committed on or after July 1, 2000, the court shall retain jurisdiction over the offender, for purposes of the offender's compliance with payment of the legal financial obligations, until the obligation is completely satisfied, regardless of the statutory maximum for the crime.

The department may only supervise the offender's compliance with payment of the legal financial obligations during any period in which the department is authorized to supervise the offender in the community under RCW 9.94A.728, 9.94A.501, or in which the offender is confined in a state correctional institution or a correctional facility pursuant to a transfer agreement with the department, and the department shall supervise the offender's compliance during any such period. The department is not responsible for supervision of the offender during any subsequent period of time the

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offender remains under the court's jurisdiction. The county clerk is authorized to collect unpaid legal financial obligations at any time the offender remains under the jurisdiction of the court for purposes of his or her legal financial obligations.

In order to assist the court in setting the monthly payment sum, the offender must truthfully report to DOC regarding earnings, property, and assets, and must supply requested documentation.

The DOC may recommend to the court modifications in the payment schedule if the offender's financial circumstances change during the period of supervision. In cases where the DOC sets the monthly assessment amount, the DOC may modify the monthly assessment without consulting the court.

Independent of the department or the county clerk, the party or entity to whom the legal financial obligation is owed shall have the authority to use any other remedies available to the party or entity to collect the legal financial obligation. These remedies include enforcement in the same manner as a judgment in a civil action by the party or entity to whom the legal financial obligation is owed.

Contact with Individuals

A court may prohibit an offender from contacting specified individuals or a specific class of individuals for a period not to exceed the maximum allowable sentence for the crime, regardless of the expiration of the community supervision or community placement term. The order prohibiting contact must relate directly to the circumstances of the crime of conviction.

Item P and Q - Monthly Intakes Releases

	Intakes	Releases
January-17	1051	1046
February-17	1009	1064
March-17	1193	1179
April-17	1189	1149
May-17	1230	1235
June-17	1263	1317
July-17	1195	1163
August-17	1183	1238
September-17	1051	1074
October-17	1111	1095
November-17	1031	1089
December-17	1110	1115
January-18	1110	1081
February-18	1036	1074
March-18	1081	1061
April-18	1038	1090
May-18	1156	1115
June-18	1029	1059
July-18	1102	1103
August-18		
September-18		
October-18		
November-18		
December-18		
Average	1114.11	1123.53

Item R - Number of 14 Day Assessments

	<14 Day Assessment*	>14 Day Assessment*	Total
January-17	304	11	315
February-17	273	6	279
March-17	275	2	277
April-17	282	15	297
May-17	276	25	301
June-17	303	18	321
July-17	286	54	340
August-17	259	28	287
September-17	270	9	279
October-17	290	13	303
November-17	265	26	291
December-17	231	13	244
January-18	239	31	270
February-18	208	32	240
March-18	214	24	238
April-18	223	18	241
May-18	251	17	268
June-18	223	38	261
July-18	226	25	251
August-18			
September-18			
October-18			
November-18			
December-18			
Average	257.79	21.32	279.11

* from Medical Data

Item S - Monthly and Annual Medical Transports (Emergency and Routine)

	After Hour Transport	Med Trans Scheduled
January-17	8	7
February-17	10	16
March-17	-	8
April-17	-	20
May-17	6	20
June-17	6	20
July-17	6	10
August-17	6	16
September-17	7	11
October-17	9	12
November-17	5	14
December-17	8	14
January-18		
February-18		
March-18		
April-18		
May-18		
June-18		
July-18		
August-18		
September-18		
October-18		
November-18		
December-18		
Average	7.1	14

Item T and U - Court Transports Video Arraignments and Court Hearings per Transport

	Superior Court		District Court		Superior Court Arraignment		Video Arraignment		District Court Arraignment		Battle Ground Courts		Specialty Courts	
	IM	Staff Hr	IM	Staff Hr	IM	Staff Hr	IM	Staff Hr	IM	Staff Hr	IM	Staff Hr	IM	Staff Hr
January-17	359	382.50	152	131.75	439	166.75	276	90.00	167	79.50	9	19.00	34	16.00
February-17	323	351.25	113	86.50	465	153.00	267	95.50	160	81.75	15	25.50	17	8.50
March-17	329	514.75	102	82.75	547	167.50	297	104.50	163	79.50	16	27.00	29	14.00
April-17	287	331.25	92	74.25	506	165.00	317	101.50	171	84.00	15	29.00	40	15.50
May-17	298	255.75	215	165.00	562	171.75	341	119.50	240	103.00	7	16.00	27	12.00
June-17	418	620.50	205	169.00	565	179.00	357	113.50	192	86.00	19	29.00	46	14.00
July-17	244	268.00	97	77.25	548	170.75	297	109.50	204	97.50	16	22.50	31	18.50
August-17	350	437.75	107	115.25	676	261.50	386	145.00	286	130.00	17	22.50	35	18.50
September-17	303	449.00	96	72.50	520	181.50	156	69.50	189	85.25	16	25.50	36	15.00
October-17	277	572.75	97	69.65	530	184.50	261	93.50	190	87.00	16	21.50	16	8.50
November-17	273	625.25	124	82.00	451	133.75	279	92.25	134	62.50	18	23.00	13	4.00
December-17	248	289.75	101	59.50	423	158.25	297	225.50	195	92.75	9	23.50	41	16.50
January-18														
February-18														
March-18														
April-18														
May-18														
June-18														
July-18														
August-18														
September-18														
October-18														
November-18														
December-18														